

1. Find the energies E_n , in eV, of the energy levels $n = 4, 5, 6$, for an electron in a one-dimensional infinite potential well (rigid box) of width $a = 0.2$ nm. Sketch these energy levels and their wave functions ψ_n . (25 pts)
2. For an electron in a solid, $\omega = \omega_{\max} \cdot (1 - \cos ak)$.
 - a- Calculate the group velocity.
 - b- Calculate the phase velocity.
 - c- Show that $v_g = 2 \cdot v_p$ for small k . (hint: $\cos \theta = 1 - \theta^2/2$ for small θ). (20 pts)
3. Consider a particle in the second excited state ($n = 3$) of a rigid box (infinite potential well) of length a .
 - a- Write down and sketch the probability distribution $|\psi(x)|^2$.
 - b- What are the most probable positions, x_{mp} ?
 - c- Find the probability of finding the particle in the interval $[0 ; a/3]$. (30 pts)
4. The wave function $\psi_0(x)$ of the ground state of a harmonic oscillator is $\psi_0(x) = A_0 e^{-x^2/2b^2}$.
With $b = \sqrt{\hbar / m\omega}$.
 - a- Show that the normalization constant A_0 for this wave function is
$$A_0 = (\pi b^2)^{-1/4}$$

Hint:
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-Ax^2} dx = 2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{4A}}$$
 - b- Verify that this wave function is a solution of the Schrödinger equation with $E = \frac{1}{2} \hbar \omega$. (25 pts)

Good Luck!!